

Vision and Scenarios of New Disruptive Technological Trends and Future Potential Impact

Martin Canning
Group VP, European Consulting, IDC























Bbitcoin





Precision Agriculture



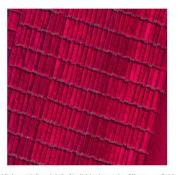
Salt & Lemon (S&L) is an Italian micro SME whose initial core business has been expanding from aerial filming and drone photography for the media industry, to a new range of markets thanks to an ever extensive use of drones' technology. Their solution for precision farming was first implemented in 2014 in a trial in collaboration with Ente Nazionale Risi, the public entity representing the rice producers in Italy, and University of Turin, to test new methods of crop's health assessment and smart fertilization.



Agrivi is a Croatian agri-tech startup founded in 2013 that has developed a farm management software to help farmers decision making through an efficient resource management. Linearcampo, a Portuguese farm SME that has been using Agrivi since September 2015, advantages are represented by the possibility to track and record field activities and compare data with other sources and historical series to get insights.



Infrared image: overview of a wheat field in Vercelli (North West Italy)

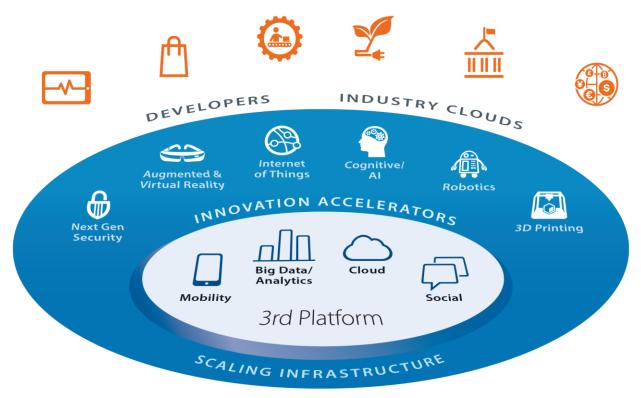


High resolution detail of individual parcels of the same field





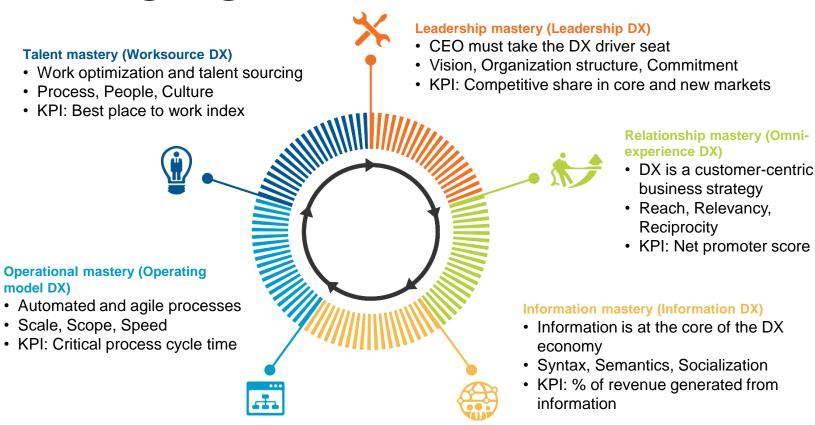
Digital Transformation



Source: IDC



Becoming Digital Masters



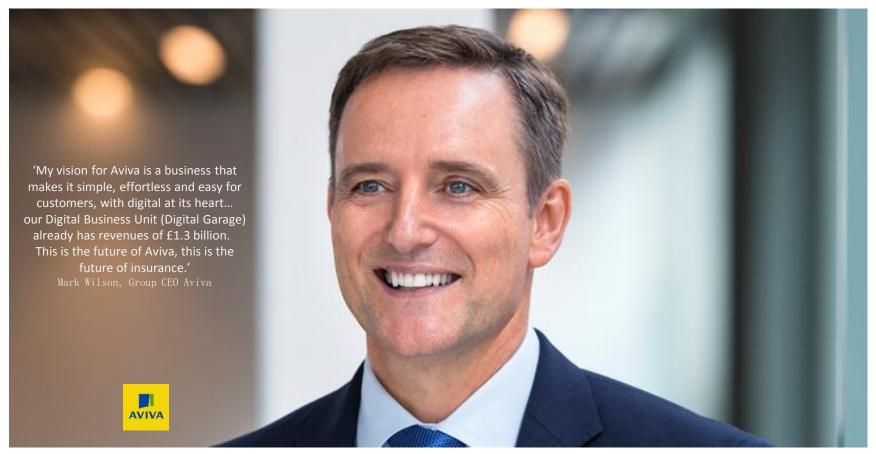




By 2020, 40% of the European FT500 will see the majority of their business depend on their ability to create digitally-enhanced products, services and experiences











By 2020, one third of CEOs and COOs of European FT500 companies will have spent at least 5 years in a tech leadership role





Kasper Rohrsted,



Jeroen Tas,

CEO of Connected Care and
Health Informatics, Philips



Fritz Joussen,
TUI Travel Group

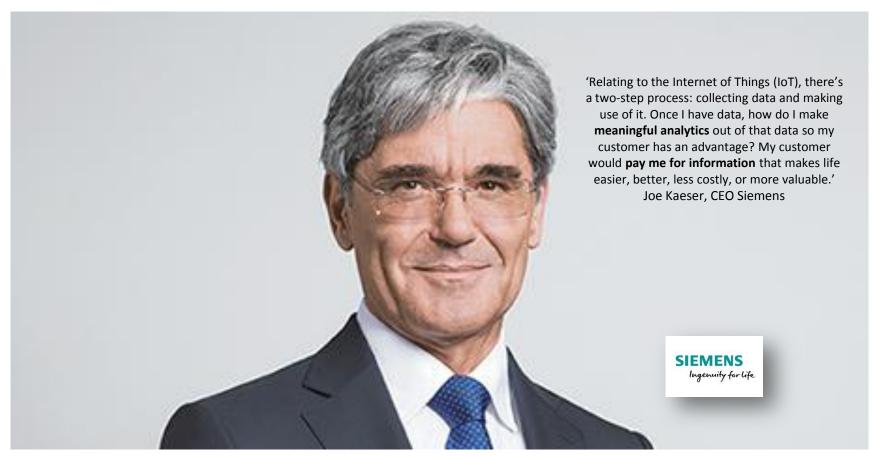






By 2019, 40% of European IT Projects Will Create New **Digital Services and** Revenue Streams That Monetize Data in a 'Privacy-by-Design' Fashion





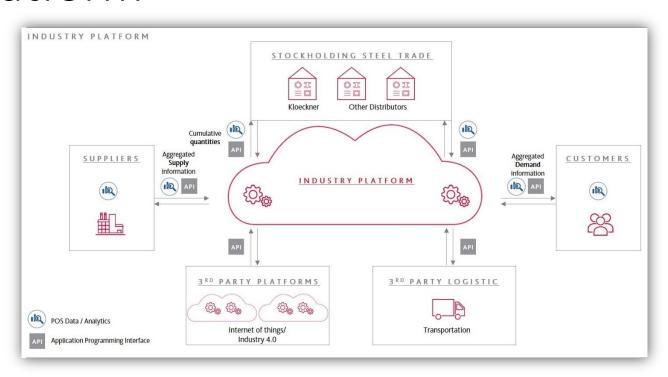




By end of 2018, the number of Industry **Collaborative Platforms** (ICP) will triple to more than 450, of which 35% will be from Europe



Kloeckner's Industry Collaborative Platform





By the end of 2017, over 80% of European enterprises will have dedicated digital transformation or innovation teams



23 of the Eurostoxx 50 companies have set up a Digital Innovation Lab in some shape or form over the past 2-3 years





Insight

Digital Innovation Labs in Europe - Why and How?

Philip Carter Jonas Knudsen Marianne Kolding Andrea Siviero Alexandros Stratis Jan van Vonno

IDC OPINION

Capturing and sustaining an innovative business model has captured the imagination of business leaders for many decades. However, more recently, the focus on innovation has ramped up drastically in the face of increased levels of digital disruption for multiple industries. Indeed, the average company file span on the Standard & Poors 500 Index (S&P 500) has reduced from 51 years in the 1980s to less than 20 years as of 2016 as the innovation cycles accelerate and speed, scale and potential business outcomes from technology become redefined. As a result, IDC predicts that by the end of 2016, two thirds of the CEOs of the top 500 European enterprises will have digital transformation (DX) at the center of their corporate strategy as they try to ensure the longer term survival of their organizations. In Europe, digital disruptors are few and far between. In fact, just 5% fall into this category according to IDC's Digital Transformation Maturity-Scape Benchmark conducted in 2015. In this respect, we are seeing a pap emerging between the 'thrivers' (hose organizations that are indeed putting DX at the heart of their corporate strategy) versus the survivors' (those organizations just in resortive mode and risking company survival).

IDC has found that one of the key initiatives for organizations that are proactively tackling digital transformation initiatives in Europe has been linked to the creation of digital innovation labs' to accelerate their digital transformation efforts. In fact, according to IDC's initial research, 23 of the Eurostox: 50 companies have set up a Digital Innovation Lab in some shape or form over the past few years. Although the objectives for these labs tend to vary significantly (often linked to how they) are established whether from marketing, engineering, T. or a completely new innovation group), the initial examples of these Labs that IDC has assessed for this study have shown the following common characteristics:

- The Labs to be incubating and exploring potential new digital products and services by experimenting with new and emerging technologies that their respective organizations could capitalize on to drive future revenue streams.
- They develop projects in a very iterative way, and tend to start with the potential use case
 (which is very industry or domain specific). It then moves to proof of concept via rapid
 prototyping before it is tested (at minimum viable product status), and then potentially
 rolled out as a new digital product or service.
- The Labs tend to be established to raise the digital (Q of the organization by educating and evangelizing the importance of 'going digital' as opposed to focusing on delivering a massive business impact (in the abort term, at least).















